

# 40. [Untitled]

Anonymous

5

10

15

The musical score consists of several systems of notation. Each system includes a six-line staff with letters (a, r, e, g, b) representing fret positions and rhythmic flags (vertical lines) indicating note values. The letters are placed on the lines of the staff to indicate the fretting of the strings. The rhythmic flags are placed above the letters. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 5, 10, and 15 are marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The notation is a form of early lute tablature, often used to transcribe pieces for lute or other fretted instruments.

20

a a r e f f f f f e f e f r e

r a d r d a r e

r e a r a

a

25

f e r a a r a a r e f e a r a a d r a r d

a a b

r e e a e r a

a

1)

r a r a r d a r a r d a r a r d r a a r a r d

a a

30

r a r a r d a r r e e r e e r a a r d a r a r d

a r e a r

r a r e a e a r e f f e a r e a r d a r r a r d

a a

35

e f f e r a d r d a r d a r a r a d r d a r e a r a r a e e

a a r e e

e a a r e a e r a d r a a d r a d r a

r r e r a e r a a e r a

40

a d r a d r d r a r b r a r a r d a d r a a a e a a r a a a

r r a r a r e a r e r r r r r

a a r e a r e r e a r r

1) Extraneous e deleted from 5th course.